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A catalogue record for this book is available from the National Library of Australia

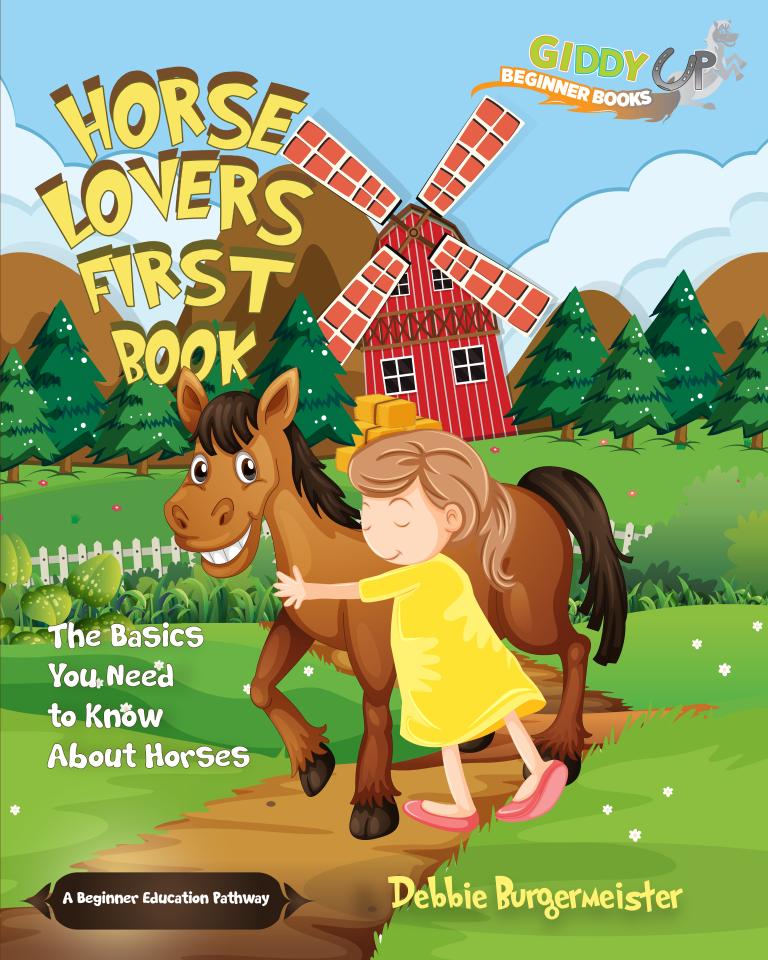
ISBN: 9780648743705

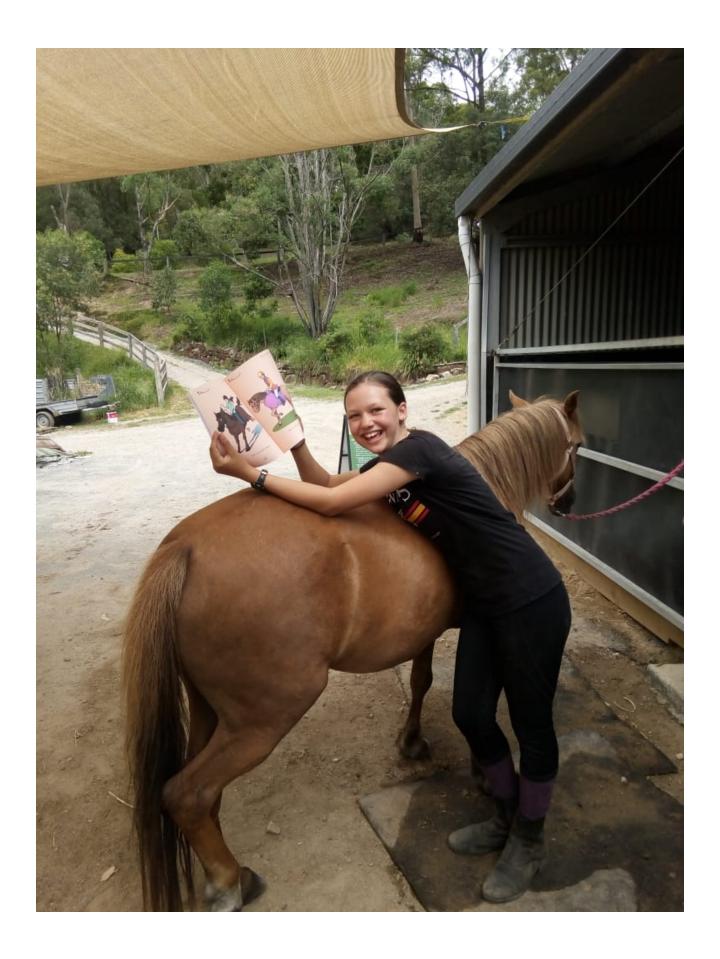
Book creation, editing, design and layout by Crazy Diamond Publishing Print and channel distribution: Lightning Source / Ingram Publisher: Horse Riding Hub

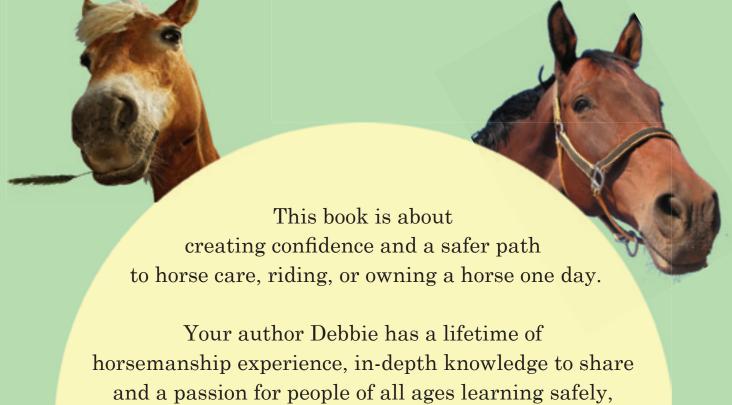


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Your author Debbie has a lifetime of horsemanship experience, in-depth knowledge to share and a passion for people of all ages learning safely, helping people starting out with the core fundamentals to support the future of sensible, confident and capable horse handlers and riders.

We hope you enjoy this book from an expert who has owned, cared for and loved her horses through many ups and downs.





Questions in this book

•	What is the difference between a horse and a pony?	5
•	What are the parts of a horse?	6
•	Are horses colourful?	8
(•)	Do horses have socks?	12
•	How do I know if my horse is happy?	14
•	Do horses talk?	15
•	Why do horses wear shoes?	16
(•)	How can you tell a horse's age?	18
•	Do horses need grooming?	20
•	What is the gait of a horse?	22
•	What equipment do I need to ride a horse?	24
•	How do I control a horse and what are aids?	26
•	What do horses eat?	30
•	How do horses sleep?	31



Are you horse crazy?

Take the test:

- 1. I own at least one toy horse
- 2. I love the smell of horses
- 3. I don't care about getting dirty
- 4. I would rather muck out a stall than clean my room
- 5. I own at least 3 books about horses
- 6. I make horse jumps at home out of brooms, buckets and stools
- 7. I dream about horses
- 8. I have horse pictures in my bedroom
- 9. I love to act like a horse trotting and galloping around
- 10. I could spend all day in a horse shop
- 11. I pretend that my bicycle is a horse
- 12. I love watching any type of horse movie



These are the parts of the body.





Are horses colourful?

The basic colours you will see are Brown, Bay (brown with black mane and tail and usually a black strip on top of rump to tail), Black, Chestnut (red/orange with mane and tail same colour as coat), Flaxen (a lighter mane and tail), Liver Chestnut (a very dark chestnut). There are many variations of white (light grey, dapple grey or white) and flea bitten (black sprinkled through a white coat).

Other colours can be mixed with the name of a breed such as Cremellos (white mane and tail with pink skin), Roan (reddish and blue mix of colours with white), Palomino (golden with white mane and tail), Paint/Pinto (black and white is Piebald and brown and white is Skewbald), Appaloosa (looks like a leopard, white with dark spots).



This type of brown is called Seal Brown.



Do horses have socks?

You will generally see white points on a horse and they all have different terms such as:

LEGS: Coronet (small white line above hoof), Half Pastern (wide white marking above hoof), Sock (as it sounds), Stocking (like a long white sock from hoof to knee).



Coronet



Half pastern



Socks

Stockings





How do I know if my horse is happy?

You can tell if a horse is happy and relaxed when its ears are forward, a kind look in its eye, a relaxed low head when standing, not moving around and looking content (happy). If a horse shows the white of its eye, this indicates they are unhappy or annoyed and may be dangerous. The horse on the left is not a happy horse. Standing behind it is very dangerous!





Why do horses wear shoes?

A horse foot is called a hoof. In the sole of the hoof is a frog. This helps blood flow through the body and keep the foot healthy.

There are many different reasons why horses need shoes. If you don't have to shoe your horse, you can leave your horse barefoot. You will save yourself a lot of money.

But for high level competition, we generally need to give our horse more grip and foot shape. Getting them fit for some sports needs to be along roads or out in the bush where it can be rocky in some places. Having a stone bruise can stop your horse from being ridden for months.

Some properties are hilly and rocky so we support our horses' feet. Some horses have had shoes from a young age so their feet get sore without shoes.







Your dream horse

My Horse's Name:	Age:
Height (in hands):	Weight (kg):
Gender:	Breed:
Colour:	





It is highly recommended to take the time to learn the basics of horse care, handling and riding preparation before stepping into the world of riding. But sometimes due to cost and time constraint this is not achievable for most without their own horse.

If there is one thing you take away from this book it should be to remember these words when starting out with horses...Please take care in your journey to learn safely with an "experienced coach" and "well trained" horse, to have a better chance of positive outcomes.





Your Author

Your author Debbie Burgermeister – with thanks to my Mum and Dad and two brothers for blessing me with an amazing horse life and these memories. With my husband and twins we also have a new family journey with horses to enjoy.



By Debbie Burgermeister



Lesson Modules

LESSON 1	
Introduction to Horse Safety	1
Introduction to Horse Riding Skills 1	3
• Mount and dismount	
• Hold reins correctly (shorten and lengthen)	
• Walk straight, turn and stop	
LESSON 2	
Introduction to Horse Riding Skills 2	7
Walk circles / hand and leg aids	
• Changing direction through figure of eight	
LESSON 3	
Introduction to Horse Handling 1	11
 Moving around the horse and brushing its body 	
• Leading your horse	
Horse Riding skills - Practice and Perfection	13
• Figure of eight / The art of hand and leg aids balance	
• Theory in trotting	
LESSON 4	
Introduction to Horse Riding Skills 3	17

LESSON 5

Introduction to Horse Handling 2	22
O Put halter and bridle on	
• Put saddle on and adjust girth from ground and saddle	
Introduction to Horse Riding Skills 4	24
• The art of rise trot	
• Learn about diagonals	
LESSON 6	
Introduction to Horse Riding Skills 5	27
• Turns and corners / Changing rein at walk and trot	
Introduction to Horse Riding Skills 6	
• Preparation for the canter	
LESSON 7	
Horse Riding Skills - Practice and Perfection	34
• Introduction to Sit Trot and Cantering	
LESSON 8	
Introduction to Horse Riding Skills 7	36
Riding without Stirrups	
LESSON 9	
Horse Riding Skills Refresher	41

LESSON 10	
Horse Saddlery Parts	44
LESSON 11	
Horse Care	48
• Parts of the body	
• Your horse and you	
• Grooming kit essentials	
LESSON 12	
Horse Riding Skills Checklist	53
LESSON 13	
Your Horse and You	56
LESSON 14	
What Next?	66
● Intermediate and Advanced Riding Skills	
• Advanced Horse Care	
• Horsemanship and Training	
Horse Pathway Development Guide	68
• An overview of your horse goals and achievements	
to work towards along your journey	
About the Author	77



Lesson 1

<u>Module - Introduction to Horse Safety</u>

Horses frighten easily.

There are simple rules to avoid danger around horses:

- · always WALK, never run
- · avoid loud and sudden noises

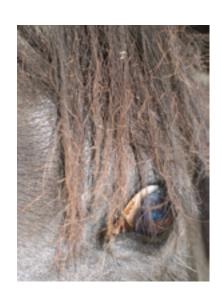
Horses display anger or show they are scared when:

- · their ears go back
- · they show the white part of their eye

Never walk too close to horses' back legs as they are big animals and can injure you if they kick.

To avoid startling your horse, talk when approaching and always approach towards the shoulder, the safe zone.

Horses are great to be around, following your safety rules. They are beautiful creatures and will respond to your firm but kind approach.





Lesson 1 Review:

The safest area to approach a horse is the sh _ _ lder The words to remember when riding are:

- He_ls down
- Han_s _own
- \bullet When turning my horse I use my inside Ha _ d and outside L _ g
- Most of all I need to R _ _ ax

Some things to practice!

Standing on something at home for my leg stretch and heels down exercise.

000 (brick/plank)

Walking around at home with my hand and leg signals that I need to use when riding.

Now we have moved from the pretend horse to the real horse. We can now start to learn some more riding skills.





Lesson 2

Module - Introduction to Horse Riding Skills 2

Focus on walking in a circle and changing direction through a figure of eight.



The importance of hand and leg aids is to give your horse guidance so they will want to do what you ask of them.

- Using the inside rein to steer the horse in the correct direction.
- Using your legs to turn is the most important part of riding to ensure you do not pull too much on the horse's delicate mouth.
- · Gaining the balance between hands and legs is the "ART of riding".



Trotting theory

- · What do we need to know before this?
- Make sure your stirrups are the right length to ensure you can rise out of the saddle so you don't bounce around. (Stirrup base at the bottom of your ankle bone is a good tip and standing without your heels coming up.)
- Complete control of the horse before moving to this stage. How are we progressing?



Notes



Lesson 3 Review:

Practice turning and control of my horse with reins and legs.

<u>Module - Practice Horse Handling</u>

- Brushing my horse
- · Leading my horse
- · Watch a horse being saddled and bridled





End of lesson 4 - Time to Relax

What a great stepping stone in your riding. You have now learnt the basics of how to trot! Well done! Have a well earned rest.





Horse Pathway Development Guide

There is so much to know and learn, with an exciting journey through achievements. This guide is just a snapshot. The content and order in which you are taught can vary greatly when working with animals.

Experience the love, passion, energy and freedom of horses!





Foundation

Theory

Horse parts and saddlery Safety tips

Horse Care and Handling

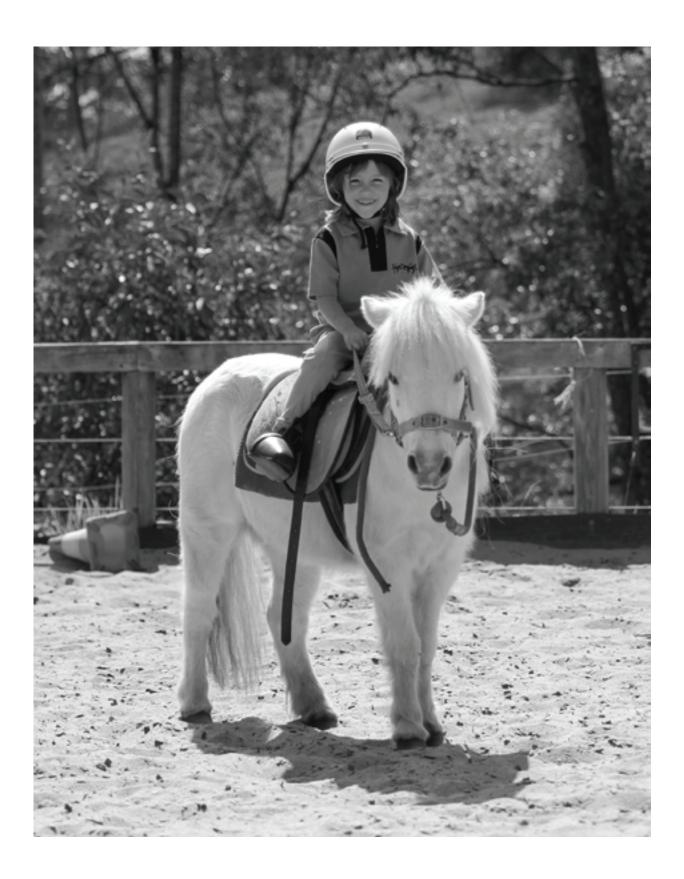
Horse sense Confidence holding a horse Leading

Riding Skills

Ground exercises
Mount and Dismount
Correct riding position – balance stand in stirrup
Emergency controls
Rein control at halt
Walk, stop, turn controls









Cheat Sheet Summaries

0	Need to know basics	2
0	Horse safety tips	4
0	Learning pathway – Horse care and handling	5
0	Learning pathway – Horse riding skills	7
0	Horse parts	10
0	Saddlery parts	12
0	Feeding and nutrition	14
0	First aid and health care	16
0	Grooming kit essentials	18
0	Owning a horse	19
0	About your horse	21
0	Selling a horse	26
0	Competing or just for fun	27
0	Buying a horse	29
0	A final note	35
0	Author certifications and contact details	37
0	Collect the series and become a member	38



Need to know basics

1. How to handle a horse

- · The approach, behaviour signs, pack behaviour
- · Catching with a halter in a paddock and stable
- · Feed time
- Tying knots
- Leading
- Control and respect training
- Rugging

2. Grooming

- · Brush types
- · Hoof cleaning
- · After work sponge or hose, scraper, towel dry, drying rug
- Clipping

3. Saddling

- · Saddle types
- · Saddle cloths
- Girth types

4. Bridles and bits

- Bridle types
- Bit types
- · Putting on a horse

5. Riding and training skills

- Halt, Walk, Trot, Canter, Gallop
- English vs Western riding
- · Learning stages and key tasks for safe management of a horse
- · Riding environments experience in arena, open area, road, bush, creek
- · Group riding in arena and trail
- · Training for disciplines
- Behaviour management when frisky, lethargic, lunging, other techniques for raring, pigrooting, bucking, shying



Grooming kit essentials

1. Reasons for grooming a horse:

- · To clean the horse, remove mud, sweat and old hair
- · To notice any irregularities and injuries
- · To stimulate blood flow to the skin for a healthier coat and muscle tone
- To improve overall appearance healthy and shiny
- · To bond with the horse

2. Basic necessities:

- Hoof pick
- · Dandy brush slightly harder for removing mud
- · Curry comb for removing mud and old hair and stimulates blood flow
- Body brush slightly softer for all over to remove dust
- Sponges
- · Mane comb
- Water brush
- · Sweat scraper
- · Small plastic bucket

3. Extras:

- Hoof oil and brush
- Bot knife
- Scissors
- · Plait bands and tape
- Vaseline
- · Hoof black-it for competitions



About your horse

Your horse and you - Things to know

Horse Name:					
Father (Sire):					
Mother (Dam):					
Microchip:					
Height:					
Measured in hands (hh), each hand is 4 inches (10cm) and taken horizontal from the withers. E.g. $100cm(1m) = 10hh$.					
As a guide ponies are over 15hh.	up to 14hh,	Galloway is	14-15hh, H	lack or Ho	orse is
Weight:					
Can be measured with	a special m	easure tape.	Ponies 200)-360kg, F	Horses

350-600kg, Heavy Horse 550-800kg.



Buying a Horse

Tips before you go out and start looking that could save you thousands of hours and dollars and increase the chances of getting a safer horse.

Horse Classifieds Decoded

Some adverts ring true but others advertised as the 16hh schoolmaster end up a 15.2hh crazy horse who can only canter one way. Jargon and sneaky phrases that appear in horse ads are enough to confuse even the most experienced of horse owners. Here's a guide to help you along your journey, and it is certainly a journey to learn by experience in the world of buying horses...

Advert Words and Phrases

- Forward moving = Not for beginners.
- Great on the ground = Not so good for riding.
- Very pretty = But not so safe
- Can be pushy = Bad manners. Will knock you over and pull you like a steam train on the ground.
- Great trail riding horse = Not so good for anything else. Circles are not this horse's specialty.



A final note

It is highly recommended to take the time to learn the basics of horse care, handling and riding preparation before stepping into the world of riding but sometimes, due to cost and time constraint, this is not achievable for most without their own horse.

Please take care in your journey to learn safely with an experienced coach and well trained horse, to ensure positive outcomes.

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Author Certifications

Equestrian Australia coach / CertIII Sports Coaching Equestrian / CertIV Trainer and Assessor / Senior First Aid, Mental Health First Aid and Blue Card / CertIV in Small Business Management / Advanced Diploma of Customer Contact Management

Further Information and Contact Details

Horse Riding Hub
info@horseridinghub.com.au
www.horseridinghub.com.au

Check out the Giddy Up Kids Programs run by Bonogin Valley Horse Retreat in Gold Coast Australia and be part of a Horse Lovers Community at www.horseridinghub.com.au.

